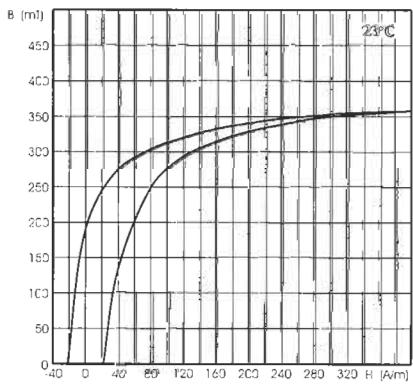


## F9Q Material

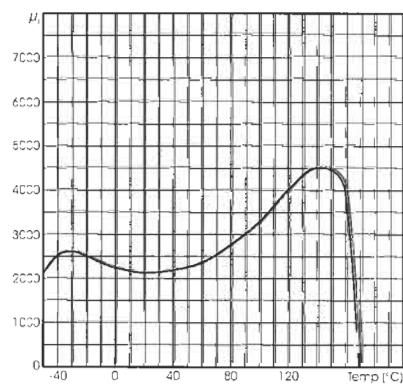
A Manganese-Zinc ferrite specially formulated to obtain a relatively stable initial permeability in the 0°C to 60°C range with the additional feature of maintaining that permeability down to very low temperatures. Suitable for application in pulse and broadband transformers, common-mode chokes and inductors. Available in a wide variety of ring cores, multiaperture and bead cores.

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Standard Test Conditions	Value
Initial Permeability (Nominal)	$\mu_i$	—	10 kHz ~ 0.1mT	$2300 \pm 20\%$
Saturation Flux Density (typical)	$B_{sat}$	mT	$H=199A/m = 2.5Oe$	350
Residual Flux Density (typical)	$B_r$	mT	$H \rightarrow 0$ (from near Saturation) 10kHz 25°C	190
Coercive force (typical)	$H_c$	A/m	$B \rightarrow 0$ (from near Saturation) 10kHz 25°C	24
Relative Loss Factor (maximum)	$\tan \delta / \mu_i$	$10^{-6}$	100 kHz ~ 0.1mT	20
Curie Temperature (minimum)	$T_c$	°C	$B < 0.1mT$ 1kHz	140
Normalized Impedance	Z	Ω	100 MHz	—
Volume Resistivity (typical)	$\rho$	Ω-cm	1V/cm 25°C	20

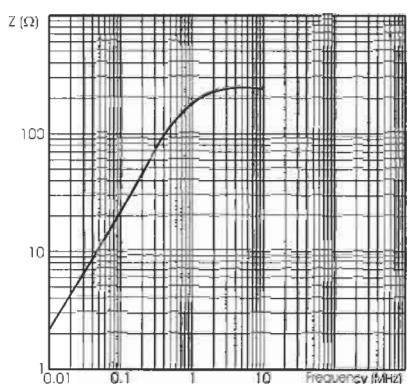
Dynamic Magnetization (BH) Loop



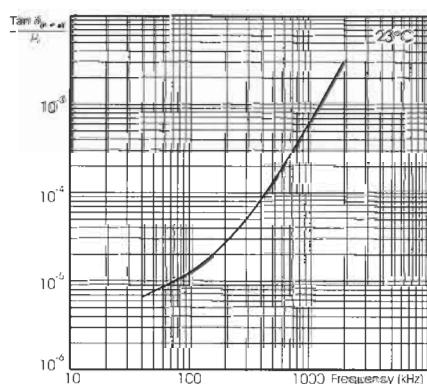
Initial Permeability vs. Temperature



Normalized Impedance vs. Frequency



Relative Loss Factor vs. Frequency



Complex Permeability vs. Frequency

